GROUP 9

HERBICIDE

Roundup WeatherPRO®

SOLUTION

AGRICULTURAL and INDUSTRIAL



EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

REGISTRATION NO. 33653 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Glyphosate, 540 grams acid equivalent per litre, present as potassium salt.

Water Soluble Herbicide for non-selective weed control

READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BROCHURE BEFORE USING.

NET CONTENTS: 6.7 LITRES to Bulk

Bayer CropScience Inc. Suite 200, 160 Quarry Park Blvd. S.E. Calgary, Alberta T2C 3G3

Product Information: 1-888-283-6847 www.bayeres.ca

In case of spills, poisoning or fire, telephone emergency response number collect 1-800-334-7577 (24 hours a day).

PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid inhaling spray mist.

Wear a long-sleeved shirt and long pants during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear goggles or a face shield and chemical-resistant gloves during mixing and loading, clean-up and repair.

The restricted entry interval is 12 hours after application for all agricultural uses.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically. This product contains a petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- TOXIC to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
- To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic and plastic-lined steel containers. **DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.** This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Read NOTICE before buying or using. If NOTICE terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

STORAGE

Avoid contamination of seed, feed, and foodstuffs. Soak up small amounts of spill with absorbent clays.

DISPOSAL AND DECONTAMINATION

RECYCLABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1) Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2) Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

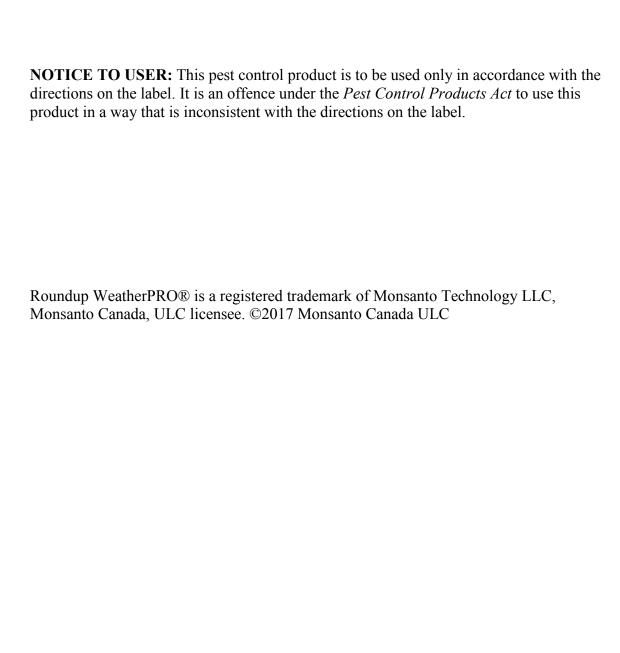
RETURNABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. For disposal, this empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer).

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS:

For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for the clean-up of spills.



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EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

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Roundup WeatherPRO®

1.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Water soluble herbicide for non-selective weed control in CROPLAND SYSTEMS AND IN NON-CROPLAND AREAS.

CROPLAND USES INCLUDE:

Before planting and postemergent in tree plantings.

NON-CROPLAND USES INCLUDE:

Industrial; recreational, rights-of-way, and public areas; turf grass renovation.

Not for relabelling or repackaging.

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2.0 EMERGENCY NUMBERS

In case of spills, poisoning or fire, telephone emergency response number collect 1-800-334-7577 (24 hours a day).

Read NOTICE before buying or using. If NOTICE terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

2.1 INFORMATION

For additional information on this product, call Bayer CropScience Inc. at: 1-888-283-6847.

3.0 PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid inhaling spray mist.

Wear a long-sleeved shirt and long pants during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear goggles or a face shield and chemical-resistant gloves during mixing and loading, clean-up and repair.

The restricted entry interval is 12 hours after application for all agricultural uses.

3.1 FIRST AID

IF IN EYES, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED, call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED, move the person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

3.2 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically. This product contains a petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

3.3 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- **TOXIC** to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
- To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

3.4 PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic and plastic-lined steel containers. **DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.** This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

3.5 STORAGE

Avoid contamination of seed, feed, and foodstuffs. Soak up small amounts of spill with absorbent clays.

3.6 DISPOSAL AND DECONTAMINATION

RECYCLABLE CONTAINERS:

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For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for the clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

4.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

DO NOT apply this product using aerial application equipment.

Glyphosate is not to be applied using hand-wicking or hand-daubing methods.

Observe buffer zones specified in section 5.3.

Roundup WeatherPRO, a water soluble liquid, mixes readily with water for application as a foliage spray for the control or destruction of most herbaceous plants. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water in accordance with the booklet instructions.

This herbicide moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days but on most perennial weeds may not occur until 7 to 10 days. Extremely cool or cloudy weather at treatment time may slow down activity of this product and delay visual effects of control. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Delay application until vegetation has emerged to the stages described for control of such vegetation under the "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (section 7.0 and 8.0) to provide adequate leaf surface to receive the spray. Unemerged plants arising from underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the spray and will continue to grow. For this reason best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the higher rate of this product per hectare within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control follow a label approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

Rainfall occurring within 60 minutes of treatment may result in reduced weed control. Heavy rainfall immediately after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required. Do not apply if rainfall is forecast for the time of application.

For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of run-off.

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, DO NOT use to control aquatic pests

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, Roundup WeatherPRO is a Group 9 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Roundup WeatherPRO and other Group 9 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of Roundup WeatherPRO or other Group 9 herbicides within a growing season (sequence) or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. To delay resistance, the less resistance-prone partner should control the target weed(s) as effectively as the more resistance-prone partner.
- Herbicide use should be based on an integrated weed management program that
 includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop
 rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (for
 example, higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and
 timing to favour the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops
 or varieties) and other management practices.
- Monitor weed populations after herbicide application for signs of resistance development (for example, only one weed species on the herbicide label not controlled). If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area if possible by an alternative herbicide from a different group.

- Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- Have suspected resistant weed seeds tested by a qualified laboratory to confirm resistance and identify alternative herbicide options.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Bayer CropScience at 1-888-283-6847 or at www.cropscience.bayer.ca.

5.0 MIXING AND APPLICATION

5.1 PRECAUTIONS

ATTENTION: AVOID CONTACT WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES SINCE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

DO NOT USE IN GREENHOUSES. REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS WATER FROM PONDS AND UNLINED DITCHES.

Clean sprayers and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water. Do not contaminate water sources by disposal of wastes or cleaning of equipment.

DO NOT use human flaggers.

Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation or areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind directions, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this booklet may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

5.2 MIXING AND APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

MIXING WITH WATER

For ground or industrial type sprayers, fill the spray tank with one-half the required amount of water. Add the proper amount of herbicide, see "**Weed Control**" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) and mix well before adding the remaining portion of water. Placing the filling hose below the surface of the liquid solution will prevent excessive foaming. Removing hose from tank immediately will avoid back siphoning into water source. Use of mechanical agitators may cause excessive foaming. Bypass lines should terminate at the bottom of the tank.

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the proper amount of this herbicide be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

TANK MIXING PROCEDURE

The following steps should be followed when adding tank mix partners, using a herbicide loading system or adding product directly into the tank:

- 1. Fill spray tank 3/4 full of water.
- 2. Start agitation and run for entire mixing and spraying operation.
- 3. Add required amount of the tank mix partner.
- 4. Flush herbicide loading tank and herbicide containers with water.
- 5. If using a herbicide loading system ensure that the loading tank and lines to the pump are empty and flushed out with water before adding tank mix partner.
- 6. Add required amount of Roundup WeatherPRO.
- 7. Flush herbicide loading tank and herbicide containers with water.
- 8. If using a herbicide loading system ensure that the loading tank and lines to the pump are flushed with water and empty before starting spray operation.

Always start and end the mixing and spraying operation with a clean system.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

BOOM EQUIPMENT

For control of perennial weeds and woody brush and trees listed on this booklet using conventional boom equipment – apply this product in 50 to 300 litres of clean water per hectare as a broadcast spray using no more than 275 kPa pressure. See "Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for rates to control specific weeds.

For control of annual weeds listed on this booklet using conventional boom equipment – Apply this product in 50 to 100 litres of clean water per hectare as a broadcast spray, except as otherwise stated on this label using no more than 275 kPa pressure. See "**Weed Control**" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for rates to control specific weeds.

HAND HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT (use coarse sprays only)

For control of weeds and woody brush and trees listed in the "Weed Control" section (6.0) of this label using knapsack sprayers or high volume spraying equipment utilizing handguns or other suitable nozzle arrangements — Unless otherwise specified, make a 0.67 percent solution of this product in water (0.67 litres of this product in 100 litres of water) and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For best results, use a 1.34 percent solution (1.34 litres of this product in 100 litres of water) on harder to control perennials such as field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

Applications should be made on a spray-to-wet basis. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to point of run-off. Handgun applications should be properly directed to avoid spraying desirable plants.

SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Selective equipment such as **WIPER** and **ROLLER** applicators can be used for weed control in soy and dry beans, orchards, vineyards, cranberries, strawberries and non-crop areas. For information regarding use of this product with selective equipment, refer to "**Selective Equipment**" (section 9.4).

5.3 BUFFER ZONES

<u>Field sprayer application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) coarse classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

<u>Airblast or mist blower application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** direct spray above plants to be treated. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at the application site as measured outside of the treatment area on the upwind side. For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows.

Buffer zones:

Use of the following spray methods or equipment **DO NOT** require a buffer zone: handheld or backpack sprayer and spot treatment, inter-row hooded sprayer, low-clearance hooded or shielded sprayers that ensure spray drift does not come in contact with orchard crop fruit or foliage, soil drench and soil incorporation.

For application to rights-of-way and for forestry uses, buffer zones for protection of sensitive terrestrial habitats are not required; however, the best available application strategies which minimize off-site drift, including meteorological conditions (for

example, wind direction, low wind speed) and spray equipment (for example, coarse droplet sizes, minimizing height above canopy), should be used. Applicators must, however, observe the specified buffer zones for protection of sensitive aquatic habitats.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands) and sensitive aquatic habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, wetlands and estuarine/marine water bodies).

Agricultural and non-cropland	Maximum number of	Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:		
systems	applications	Aquatic habitats	Terrestrial habitats	
Agricultural crop system and ground boom application method				
Pre-seeding applications for all crops.	1	1	1	
Turf grass (prior to establishment or renovation)	2	1	2	
Agricultural crop system and airblast application method (including mist blower)				
Turfgrass (Prior to establishment or renovation)	2	25	35	
Non-cropland system and ground boom application method				
Non-crop land and industrial uses: Industrial and rights of way areas, Recreational and public areas	3	1	3*	
Non-cropland system and airblast application method (including mist blower)				
Non-crop land and industrial uses: Industrial and rights of way areas, Recreational and public areas	3	1	30*	

^{*} Buffer zones for the protection of terrestrial habitats are not required for use on rights-of-way including railroad ballast, rail and hydro rights-of-way, utility easements and, roads.

For tank mixes, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The buffer zones for this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pest Management Regulatory Agency web site.

6.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

This product controls many annual and perennial grasses, broadleaf weeds, and woody brush and trees when applied as recommended and under conditions described. For information on how to control specific weeds including herbicide rate, refer to "Annual Weed Control" and "Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1). The following is a partial list of weeds controlled:

6.1 ANNUAL WEEDS

ANNUAL GRASSES

Barnyard Grass

Echinochloa crusgalli

Blue Grass (annual)

Poa annua

Crab Grass (large)

Digitaria sanguinalis

Crab Grass (smooth)

Digitaria ischaemum

Downy Brome-grass

Bromus tectorum

Fall Panicum

Panicum dichotomiflorum

Giant Foxtail

Setaria faberii

Green Foxtail

Setaria viridis

Persian Darnel

Lolium persicum

Volunteer Barley

Hordeum spp.

Volunteer Corn

Zea mays

Volunteer Wheat

Triticum spp.

Wild Oats

Avena fatua

Wild Proso Millet

Panicum miliaceum

Yellow Foxtail

Setaria glauca

OTHER

Dodder

Cuscuta spp.

ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS

Chickweed

Stellaria media

Cleavers

Galium aparine

Cocklebur

Xanthium strumarium

Corn Spurry

Spergula arvensis

Cow Cockle

Saponaria vaccaria

Eastern Black Nightshade

Solanum ptycanthum

Fleabane (Canada)

Erigeron canadensis

Flixweed

Descurainia sophia

Green Smartweed

Polygonum scabrum

Hempnettle

Galeopsis tetrahit

Kochia

Kochia scoparia

Lady's-Thumb

Polygonum persicaria

Lamb's-quarters (common)

Chenopodium album

Narrow-leaved Hawk's Beard

Crepis tectorum

Narrow-leaved Vetch

Vicia angustifolia

Night-flowering Catchfly

Silene noctiflora

Pennsylvania Smartweed

Polygonum pensylvanicum

Prickly Lettuce

Lactuca scariola

Ragweed (common)

Ambrosia artemisiifolia

Redroot Pigweed

Amaranthus retroflexus

Round-Leaved Mallow

Malva pusilla

Russian Thistle

Salsola pestifer

Shepherd's Purse

Capsella bursa-pastoris

Smooth Pigweed

Amaranthus hybridus

Sowthistle (annual)

Sonchus oleraceus

Stinkweed

Thlaspi arvense

Storksbill

Erodium cicutarium

Velvetleaf

Abutilon theophrasti

Volunteer Canola (rapeseed)

Brassica spp.

Volunteer Flax

Linum spp.

Wild Buckwheat

Polygonum convolvulus

Wild Mustard

Sinapis arvensis

Wild Tomato

Solanum triflorum

6.2 PERENNIAL WEEDS

PERENNIAL GRASSES/SEDGES

Blue Grass (Canada)

Poa compressa

Blue Grass (Kentucky)

Poa pratensis

Brome Grass (smooth)

Bromus inermis

Cottontop

Eriophorum chamissonis

Foxtail Barley

Hordeum jubatum

Quackgrass

Agropyron repens

Wire-Stemmed Muhly

Muhlenbergia frondosa

Yellow Nutsedge

Cyperus esculentus

Cattail (common)

Typha latifolia

Common Reed

Phragmites australis

PERENNIAL BROADLEAVED WEEDS

Alfalfa

Medicago spp.

Curled Dock

Rumex crispus

Dandelion

Taraxacum officinale

Field Bindweed

Convolvulus arvensis

Hemp Dogbane

Apocynum cannabinum

Hoary Cress

Cardaria draba

Knotweed (Japanese)

Polygonum cuspidatum

Milkweed (common)

Asclepias syriaca

Poison Ivy

Rhus radicans

Purple Loosestrife

Lythrum salicaria

Sow Thistle (perennial)

Sonchus arvensis

Thistle (Canada)

Cirsium arvense

Toad Flax

Linaria vulgaris

Wormwood (Absinth)

Artemisia absinthium

6.3 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

Alder Pine

Alnus spp. Pinus spp.

Birch Poplar

Betula spp. Populus spp.

Broadleaved meadowsweet Raspberry/Salmonberry

Spiraea latifolia Rubus spp.

Cedar Rhododendron (Canadian)

Thuja spp. Rhododendron canadense

Cherry Sheep laurel

Prunus spp. Kalmia angustifolia

Douglas Fir Snowberry (Western)

Pseudotsuga spp. Symphoricarpos occidentalis

Hemlock Sweet fern

Tsuga spp. Comptonia peregrina

Maple Willow

Acer spp. Salix spp.

Mountain-fly honeysuckle Withrod

Lonicera villosa Viburnum cassinoides

CROPLAND USES

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

7.0 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL

The following tables provide rates and specific application instructions for control of the annual weeds listed.

7.1 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERPRO

DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE		(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
0.5	Weeds up to 8 cm in height	Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat Non-Roundup Ready® volunteer canola (rapeseed), wild mustard, lady's-thumb, stinkweed	 For wild oats apply at 1-3 leaf stage. Add 350 mL of a surfactant registered for use such as Agral® 90, Ag Surf®, or Companion™ For heavy wild oat infestations use 0.67 L/ha rate.
0.67	Weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above. All annual broadleaved weeds listed above plus flixweed* and kochia*	 Add 350 mL of surfactant registered for use as listed above. * Suppression only. Refer to higher rates of this table or tank mix table (section 7.2) for control options.
0.83 – 1.27	Weeds up to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above plus downy brome, giant foxtail, and Persian darnel. All annual broadleaved weeds listed above plus cleavers, lamb's-quarters, redroot pigweed, hempnettle, flixweed, Russian thistle, volunteer flax, common ragweed*, Canada fleabane*, wild buckwheat**, narrowleaved hawk's beard***	 No surfactant required. For tank mix weed control options see section 7.2. * DO NOT use these rates on plants greater than 8 cm in height. ** For 3-4 leaf stage use 1.27 L/ha rate. *** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height use 1.27 L/ha rate.
1.5	Weeds up to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above plus crab grass and annual blue grass All annual broadleaved weeds listed above plus kochia, prickly lettuce, shepherd's purse, annual sow thistle, and narrowleaved vetch	• For additional annual broadleaved weed control options, refer to tank mix table (section 7.2).
2.33	Weeds over 15 cm in height	All annual grasses and broadleaved weeds listed above	• For additional annual broadleaved weed control options, refer to tank mix table (section 7.2).

Agral is a registered trademark of Syngenta group company. Ag-Surf is a registered trademark of Interprovincial Cooperative Ltd. Companion is a trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC. **NOTE:** For spot treatment, 0.5 - 2.33 litres per hectare is approximately equivalent to $5 - 23 \text{ mL}/100\text{m}^2$, respectively.

7.2 ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ANNUAL WEED CONTROL

Roundup WeatherPRO applied alone will not control volunteers from crops containing the Roundup Ready® gene.

Allow at least 1 day after treatment before tillage.

Annual weeds generally will continue to germinate from seed throughout the growing season. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds, in some situations.

For additional information and precautions, refer to "General Information" and "Mixing and Application" (Sections 4.0 and 5.0, respectively).

8.0 PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION. DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product will control the perennial weeds listed in the following table.

8.1 PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERPRO

	APPLICATION			
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME (L/ha)	COMMENTS
Quackgrass (control, light to moderate infestations)	3 to 4 green leaves or more	1.67	50 - 300	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage. Refer to "Quackgrass" notes in section 8.2.1 for more information. For higher volumes (i.e., 150 – 300 L/ha) an approved surfactant must be added at 0.5 L per 100 L of clean water (0.5% v/v). Refer to list in section 8.2.2. See also below.
Quackgrass (long term control, heavy infestations, high water volumes)	3 to 4 green leaves or more	1.67 – 4.67	50 - 300	 Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage. Rates higher than 1.67 L/ha will provide more consistent, longer term control, especially with heavier infestations and/or higher water volumes (i.e., 150 – 300 L/ha). Refer to "Quackgrass" notes in section 8.2.1 for more information.
Canada Thistle	Rosette stage (summerfallow)	1.67	50 - 100	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 10 or more days after treatment before tillage. Refer to "Canada Thistle" notes in section 8.2.3 for more information.
Canada Thistle	Bud stage or beyond	3.17 – 4.67	100 - 300	• Allow 5 or more days after treatment before tillage.
Field Bindweed	Full bloom or beyond	4.67 - 8	100 - 300	• Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage.

	APPI	LICATIO		
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME (L/ha)	COMMENTS
Common Milkweed*	Bud to full bloom	8	100 - 300	 Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage. Reduced control may occur after full bloom. Milkweed may not all be in the correct stage, therefore, repeat treatments may be required.
Toadflax	Vegetative Stage (summerfallow) Bud to full bloom	1.67	50 - 100	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage in summerfallow. For more information, see "Toadflax Control" (section 8.2.4).
Alfalfa	Early bud to full bloom stage Fall applications only	2.47 – 3.33	50 - 300	• Allow 5 or more days after treatment before tillage. Use the higher rates when alfalfa populations are high or when heavy grass infestations are also present.

	APPLICATION			
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME	COMMENTS
Dandelion	< 15 cm	1.67	(L/ha) 50 – 100	• Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage for all
	> 15 cm	2.47 – 3.33	50 – 300	rates. • Use the higher rate when infestations are heavy. • Refer to "Dandelion" notes in section 8.2.5 for more information. • Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage.
Foxtail Barley	Seeding to heading	1.67 – 3.33	50 - 100	 Allow a minimum of 1 day after treatment before tillage or seeding. Use higher rates for larger, more established plants, heavy infestations or if plants are stressed.
Common reed	Apply when actively growing, or to regrowth after burning or mowing.	2.0 - 8.0	100-500	 For partial control and for best results, treat in late summer or early fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop. For higher volumes (i.e, 150–300 L/ha) an approved surfactant should be added at 0.5 L per 100 L of clean water (0.5% v/v). DO NOT TREAT PLANTS OVER OPEN WATER. Roundup WeatherPRO is not registered for direct application to bodies of water.

	APPI	LICATIO		
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME (L/ha)	COMMENTS
Other	Early heading	4.67 -	100 - 300	• Allow 7 or more days after
Perennials	or early bud	8		treatment before tillage.
(see listing	stage			_
section 6.2)				

^{*}NOTE: For spot treatment, mix 80 millilitres of product in 5 litres clean water per 100 m² (1.67 – 8 litres per hectare is approximately equivalent to $17 - 80 \text{ mL}/100\text{m}^2$, respectively).

8.2 SPECIAL NOTES FOR PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL

8.2.1 QUACKGRASS

For **season-long control on fall tilled ground**: Apply 1.67 litres per hectare of this product in spring prior to seeding. Apply in 50 to 100 litres per hectare of clean water as described in the preceding table. Delay application until the majority of quackgass plants have 4 to 5 green leaves. This stage usually occurs 1 to 4 weeks later on fall tilled ground than on undisturbed ground. Reduced control may result on ground tilled deeper than 15 centimetres.

NOTE: This treatment will provide season-long control of quackgrass on fall tilled ground. Reduced control will be experienced versus this product on non-fall tilled ground. Repeat treatments may be necessary.

If a frost has occurred, wait several days to determine if the quackgrass has recovered. Quackgrass can be treated after a mild frost provided there are 3 to 4 green leaves actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

8.2.2 SURFACTANT INFORMATION

The following is a list of approved surfactants for use with Roundup WeatherPRO for control of quackgrass:

Agral 90 Companion Ag Surf

Always refer to surfactant label for specific instructions regarding use of that product.

8.2.3 CANADA THISTLE

Control of Canada Thistle at the rosette stage: to ensure the proper timing of application the following steps must be followed:

- 1. Conduct summerfallow tillage as usual and perform the last tillage operation between July 15th and August 1st.
- 2. Allow the thistles to regrow for a minimum of 5 weeks until they are a minimum of 15 centimetres in diameter and in the rosette stage of growth.

NOTE: Canada thistle can be treated after a mild frost provided the leaves are still green and actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

8.2.4 TOADFLAX

Control of Toadflax in a Summerfallow Vegetative Stage

To ensure the proper timing of application, the following steps must be followed:

- 1. Conduct summerfallow tillage as usual and perform the last tillage operation between July 10th to July 21st.
- 2. Allow toadflax to regrow for a minimum of 4 to 5 weeks until they are minimum of 15 centimetres tall and at a lush green vegetative stage.

NOTE: Toadflax can be treated after a mild frost provided the leaves are still green and actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost.

8.2.5 DANDELION

Applications should be made up to and including bloom for best results. Follow-up control measures should be used to manage new dandelions germinating from seed to maintain control throughout the season.

8.2.6 ALL PERENNIAL WEEDS

Weed Stages: Weeds must be at the proper stage for effective control. Refer to "Perennial Weed Control with Roundup WeatherPRO" (section 8.1).

Nozzle Type: For best results with conventional boom equipment apply this product with 50 to 300 litres per hectare of clean water using flat fan nozzles and no more pressure than 275 kPa.

Rhizome Dormancy: Reduced control may result if rhizomes have become dormant. Dormancy may occur if soil fertility is low and/or the land has not been tilled for several years.

Mowing Effects: Mowing prior to application will reduce effectiveness unless weeds are allowed to regrow to the proper stage before application.

Tillage Effects: Fall or spring tillage prior to spring applications and tillage between harvesting and fall applications will reduce the effectiveness on perennial weeds. Follow-up tillage after application should be delayed 5 to 7 days for best results. See "**Weed Control**" tables (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for specific tillage interval for each weed.

Rainfall Effects: Heavy rainfall immediately after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required. Do not apply if rainfall is forecast for the time of application.

Regrowth from Germinating Seeds: This product only controls emerged plants. Repeat treatments or other weed control measures may be required to control weeds regenerating from seeds or other underground parts.

Frost Effects: Heavy frosts prior to application may reduce control. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

9.0 CROPLAND SITUATIONS

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 and 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION.

DO NOT APPLY BY AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.

This product can be applied as a broadcast spray or spot treatment prior to planting all crops. Refer to specific sections below for more information. For specific instructions on weed control in the following cropping situations, always refer to "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.0 and 8.0) for more information.

9.1 PRIOR TO PLANTING – ALL CROPS

This product may be applied prior to planting all crops for control of emerged weeds listed on this label. Ensure weeds are at the desired stage at the time of application. This product does not provide preemergent weed control and newly germinating weeds may be a problem in the crop. APPLY BEFORE SEEDING OR TRANSPLANTING.

9.2 TREE PLANTINGS

Fraxinus spp.

Caragana spp.

Prunus spp.

NURSERY STOCK (WOODY ORNAMENTALS)

This product may be used to control listed annual or perennial weeds prior to planting, or as a post directed spray in established nurseries of the following species:

DECIDUOUS

CONIFEROUS

Ash Fir

Abies spp.

Caragana Juniper

Juniperus spp.

Cherry Pine

Pinus spp.

Elm Spruce

Picea spp.

Ulmus spp.
Lilac Yew

Syringa spp. Taxus spp.

Maple

Acer spp.

Mountain Ash

Sorbus spp.

Poplar

Populus spp.

Russian Olive

Elaeagnus spp.

Willow

Salix spp.

NOTE: This product is not recommended for use as an over-the-top broadcast spray in forest tree nurseries or in Christmas tree plantations. Application in such sites should be limited to directed sprays. DO NOT treat Christmas tree plantations in the year of anticipated harvest.

9.3 TREE CROPS

SHORT ROTATION INTENSIVE CULTURE (SRIC) POPLAR (Populus spp)

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

This product may be used to control listed annual or perennial weeds prior to planting, or as a post directed spray in established crops of short rotation intensive culture (SRIC) Poplar species (*Populus spp.*)

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY, DRIFT, OR MIST WITH FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF TRUNK, BRANCHES, OR OTHER PARTS OF TREES. CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN MATURED BROWN BARK CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Roundup WeatherPRO may be applied prior to planting or as a post directed spray in established short rotation intensive culture crops. Apply Roundup WeatherPRO up to 8 L/ha in 50 – 100 liters or 150 – 300 L/h for quackgrass control by ground application only. Applications can be made 1-3 times per year during establishment however, not to exceed the limit of 8 L/ha per year. Shielded sprayers must be utilized when applying post directed spray solutions. Allow a 6-8 week interval between spray applications. Apply to actively growing weeds.

9.4 SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

WIPER APPLICATORS

This product may be applied with a wiper applicator, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds in any industrial, tree planting and non-crop site specified on this label. See sections 9.2 and 10.1.

A wiper applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution. Wiper applicators include either roller or wick devices which physically wipe appropriate concentrations or amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to insure adequate wiper saturation. Best results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that wiper contact point is at least 5 centimetres above the desirable vegetation. Droplets or foam of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 15 centimetres above the desirable vegetation. Best results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. See the "**Weed Control**" tables (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for recommended stage of growth for specific weeds.

NOTES

- Maintain equipment in good operating condition. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation.
- Adjust height of applicator to insure proper contact with weeds.
- Keep wiping surfaces clean.
- Maintain recommended roller RPM on roller applicators while in use.
- Keep wiper material at proper degree of saturation with herbicide solution.
- DO NOT use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.
- DO NOT operate equipment at ground speeds below 4 and greater than 10 kilometres per hour. Weed control may be affected by speed of application equipment. As weed density increases, reduce equipment ground speed to insure good coverage of weeds.
- Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying on the upper end of the wiper applicator.
- Variation in equipment design may affect weed control. With wiper applicators, the wiping material and its orientation must allow delivery of sufficient quantities of the recommended herbicide solution directly to the weed.
- Care must be taken with all types of wipers to insure that the absorbent material does not become over-saturated, causing the herbicide to drip onto desirable vegetation.
- With all equipment, drain and clean wiper parts immediately after using this product, by thoroughly flushing with water.

For Roller Applicators – Mix 0.33 to 0.67 litres of this product in 10 litres water to prepare a 3 to 7 percent solution. Roller speed should be maintained at 50 to 150 RPM.

For Wick or other Wiper Applicators – Mix 0.57 litres of this product in 2 litres of water to prepare a 22 percent solution.

10.0 NON-CROPLAND USES

INDUSTRIAL, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, RECREATIONAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS.

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION.

This product can be used to control annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees listed on this label in non-crop areas such as railroad, pipeline, highway, power and telephone rights-of-way, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations; roadsides; storage areas; lumberyards; fence rows; industrial plant sites; parking areas; school yards, parks, golf courses, other public areas; airports and similar industrial or non-crop areas.

NOTE: For all industrial, rights-of-way, recreational and public areas, repeat treatments may be necessary to control regeneration or new growth.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product will control weeds in non-cropland areas as listed in the following table.

10.1 WEED CONTROL IN NON-CROPLAND AREAS WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERPRO

	GR	OUND APPI	LICATION	
	BOOM APP	LICATION		
WEEDS	RATE*	WATER	HAND HELD	COMMENTS
	(L/ha)	VOL.*	HIGH VOLUME	
		(L/ha)	APPLICATION	
			% SOLUTION	
Annual grasses	1.5–2.33	50-100	0.67	• Actively growing weeds.
and broadleaves				
Perennial Weeds				• Actively growing weeds.
Quackgrass	1.67	50-300	0.67	• Add 0.5% v/v of a
	3.17-4.67	50-300	1.34	recommended surfactant
				when using water volumes
Canada Thistle	3.17-4.67	100-300	1.34	greater than 150 L (see
(bud stage)				section 8.2.2).
				Higher rate for long term
Purple	4	300-600	0.67-1.34 (or 22%	control and for heavy
Loosestrife			for wiper	infestations.
			application)	• See section 10.2.3 for

	GRO	OUND APPI	LICATION	
WEEDS	RATE* (L/ha)	WATER VOL.* (L/ha)	HAND HELD HIGH VOLUME APPLICATION % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Other Perennials	4.67-8	100-300	1.34	instructions on purple loosestrife applications. • Summer through fall is optimum.
Brush and Trees Birch, Cherry, Poplar, Western Snowberry, Willow	2-4	100-300	0.67-1.34	• Summer through early fall (see section 10.2).
Maple, Raspberry/ Salmonberry, Alder	4	100-300	1.34	 Late summer through fall. Fall is optimum.
Turf Renovation Annual and perennial weeds	1.67-8	100-300	0.67-1.34	• Use higher end of the rate range for perennials.
Roadside Vegetation (1-2m wide along shoulders) Annual weeds (refer to tank mix sections on product labels for specific weeds controlled)	1) 0.5 – 0.67 + 1.25 – 2.5 L Vanquish Herbicide or 2) 0.5 – 0.67 + 0.30 L Vanquish Herbicide + 1.2 L 2,4-D amine 500	25-150	-	 Refer to "Annual Weed Control" table (section 7.1) for appropriate product rate for specific weeds. For 2,4-D amine formulations with a different guarantee, adjust the rate accordingly. No application to standing water.
Residual Control Annual and perennial weeds (the simazine component of this tank mixture will provide season long control of most germinating broadleaf weeds and grasses. It may also provide postemergent	1.67 – 8 + 4.0 -9.0 L Simadex Flowable	200-400	-	 Do not apply to coarse, sandy or gravelly soil. One application per year. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture. For other simazine formulations registered for industrial/ non-cropland areas, use equivalent rates; i.e., 2.0 – 4.5 kg simazine/ha.

	GR	OUND APPI	LICATION	
	BOOM APPLICATION			
WEEDS	RATE*	WATER	HAND HELD	COMMENTS
	(L/ha)	VOL.*	HIGH VOLUME	
		(L/ha)	APPLICATION	
			% SOLUTION	
activity on certain				
annual weeds).				

^{*} For more information on rates, water volumes and application, refer to "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively).

Vanquish Herbicide is a registered trademark of Syngenta group company. Simadex is a registered trademark of Bayer.

10.2 APPLICATION INFORMATION FOR NON-CROPLAND USES

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS

Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of run-off. Do not allow spray drift to contact desirable vegetation as severe injury or destruction may occur. For woody brush and trees, early season applications may take 30 to 45 days for symptoms to develop on target species. Late season application may be made to species that have some autumn colors provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Control will be observed the following spring.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE OF DESIRABLE TURF GRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS, OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control, follow a label approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

10.2.1 GROUND APPLICATIONS: For all non-cropland uses

For woody brush and trees, apply 2 to 4 litres of this product per hectare. Use ground boom or boomless, or mist blower equipment, or apply as a 0.67 to 1.34 percent solution using hand held, high volume equipment. Apply as directed in the recommended volume of clean water to foliage of actively growing vegetation. Use the 4 litres per hectare rate for Maple, Alder and Willow* species, as well as for hard to control perennial weed species. (*suppression only).

Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of run-off. Do not allow spray drift to contact desirable vegetation as severe injury or destruction may occur. If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until regrowth has reached the recommended stages.

10.2.2 PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE CONTROL

- DO NOT TREAT PLANTS OVER OPEN WATER. Roundup WeatherPRO is not registered for direct application to bodies of water.
- Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage. If using hand held equipment, spray-to-wet.
- For wiper applications see section 9.4.
- Where feasible, remove flower heads before treatment to ensure prevention of seed set.
- For large (>1.6 ha) monocultures of loosestrife, work from the periphery inward in successive years to allow competing vegetation to invade the treated area.
- A long-term control strategy should include measures to control both established plants and seedlings. Sprayed areas should be monitored to determine the appropriate follow-up management. Early detection and treatment of second and third generation seedlings is important to prevent re-infestation of purple loosestrife. Desirable native plant communities will then have a chance to become re-established.

10.3 SELECTIVE APPLICATION FOR ALL NON-CROPLAND USES

Selective equipment such as WIPER and ROLLER applicators can be used to control emerged weeds in non-crop areas and tree plantings. See "**Selective Equipment**" (section 9.4) for more information.

10.4 TURF GRASS

When applied as directed, under conditions described, this product controls most existing vegetation. Apply this product at rates specified in "Weed Control in Non-Cropland Areas" (section 10.1).

DO NOT DISTURB SOIL OR UNDERGROUND PLANT PARTS BEFORE TREATMENT.

Where existing vegetation is growing in a field or unmowed situation, apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth given in "Weeds Controlled" (sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively). Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray and proper translocation into underground plant parts. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay establishment to determine if regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. When repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. Desirable turfgrass may be established following the above procedures.

10.5 INJECTION APPLICATIONS -- FOR ALL NON-CROPLAND USES

10.5.1 WOODY VEGETATION

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection application of this product. Apply using suitable equipment, which must penetrate into living tissue, at a rate of at least 0.33 millilitres (either undiluted or 1:1 with water) per 5 centimetres tree diameter at breast height (DBH). The cuts should be spaced evenly around the tree and below all major branches. Application may be made at any time of year, except when cold temperatures prevent adequate penetration of injection equipment, or in the spring during periods of heavy sap flow. Control of tree species with tree diameters greater than 20 centimetres may not be acceptable at this rate.

Total control may not be evident for 1 to 2 years following treatment.

A partial list of species controlled includes:

Alder Hemlock

Alnus spp. Tsuga spp.

Birch Maple*

Betula spp. Acer spp.

Cedar Pine

Thuja spp. Pinus spp.

Cherry Poplar

Prunus spp. Populus spp.

Douglas Fir Willow

Pseudotsuga spp. Salix spp.

10.5.2 HOLLOW STEM INJECTION

^{*} This treatment may only provide suppression of Bigleaf Maple. Late fall applications will provide optimum suppression of Bigleaf Maple.

This product may be applied through hand-held injection devices that deliver specified amounts of this product into targeted hollow-stem plants growing in any site specified on this label. Weeds should be actively growing at application.

For control of the following hollow stem plants, follow the use instructions below:

A partial list of species controlled includes:

Hogweed, Giant (*Heracleum mantegazzianum*)

Inject one leaf cane per plant at about chest height but below a node on the stem with 10 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.

Knotweed, Bohemian (Fallopia bohemica)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode.

Knotweed, Giant (Fallopia sachalinenis)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode

Knotweed, Japanese (Fallopia japonica)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode

10.6 CUT STUMP APPLICATION

Woody vegetation may be controlled by the application of this product to freshly cut stumps to prevent regrowth. Because the treatment uses a concentrated solution, application must be made using low-pressure equipment e.g., squirt bottle or similar device. This product must be applied immediately to the surface of the freshly cut stump i.e., within 5 minutes for optimum control at the prescribed rates. Only the cambial tissues of the cut surface should be treated. Apply the herbicide solution at a rate equivalent to at least 0.33 millilitres product for every 5 centimetres DBH. Do not cover the remaining area nor any exposed roots, as this product does not penetrate bark well. This treatment may be used at any time of year, except during periods of heavy sap flow or when low temperatures prevent solution application due to freezing. A water soluble colourant may be added to the solution as a means of indicating which surfaces have been treated. Total control may not be evident until 1 to 2 years after treatment.

See "**Injection Applications**" (section 10.5) of this label for a partial list of species controlled.